

Rocine Lesson 13

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

Genesis 12:11–12

Identify and read the

Qal wegatal verb form.

yiqtol verb form in a dependent clause.

- Learn some basics of identifying
 - pronominal suffixes on the DDO and nouns.

Identify and read the



- Qal wegatal verb form.
- yiqtol verb form in a dependent clause.
- demonstrative pronouns.

- Learn some basics of identifying
 - pronominal suffixes on the DDO and nouns.

Identify and read the

קטל יקטל



Qal wegatal verb form.

yiqtol verb form in a dependent clause.

- Learn some basics of identifying
 - pronominal suffixes on the DDO and nouns.

Identify and read the

לטף לעל!



Qal wegatal verb form.

yiqtol verb form in a dependent clause.



- Learn some basics of identifying
 - pronominal suffixes on the DDO and nouns.

Identify and read the

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Qal wegatal verb form.

yiqtol verb form in a dependent clause.



- Learn some basics of identifying
 - pronominal suffixes on the DDO and nouns.



What we already know

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

- Identify אַמֶר
- What genre of discourse does the Hebrew word אמר indicate we are in?

weqatal

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

- אמר usually signals direct speech
- Can you guess what verb form וְהַיָה is?

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

- אמֶר usually signals direct speech
- Can you guess what verb form וְהַיָה is?

RULE: The addition of a vav to the qatal form results in another verb form called the weqatal, pronounced /ve-ka-TAL/.

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

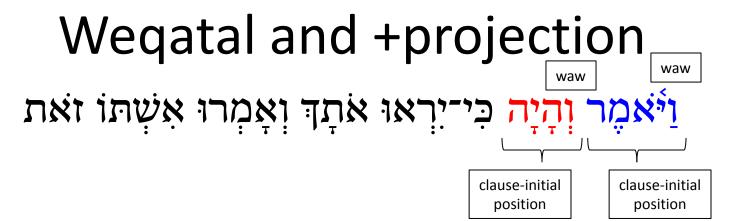
Notice the similarities.

Weqatal and +projection אין אַמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאֹת נְיֹינְה בִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאֹת וַ וֹּלִּאֹמֶר וְּהָיָה בִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאֹת וַ וֹּלִּאֹמֶר וְהָיָה בִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאֹת

Notice the similarities.

Both have waw

(waw + something)



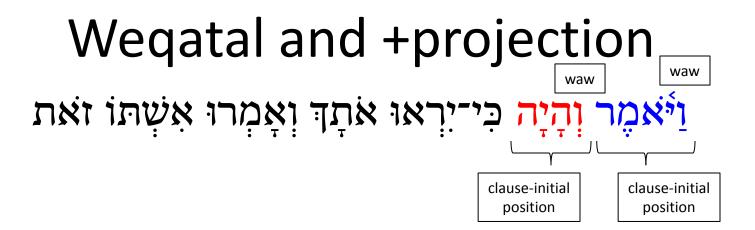
Notice the similarities.

Both have waw

(waw + something)

Both start a new clause

(wayomer usu starts direct speech)



Wayyiqtol functions as the mainline of the Historical Narrative genre

Weqatal functions as the mainline of several <u>Direct Speech</u> genres

Translating the wegatal.

- 1. As with qatal, use an er-word when it fits.
- 2. Translate the tense as forward-looking.
 - Future will be
 - Volitional wants them to be

Translating the wegatal.

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 - Future will be
 - Volitional wants them to be

Rocine calls this *plus projection* or *+projection*.

Translating the wegatal.

- 1. As with qatal, use an er-word when it fits.
- 2. Translate the tense as forward-looking.
 - Future will be
 - Volitional wants them to be

DEFINITION: Plus projection (usually written +projection) genres are forward-looking. They are genres in which the speaker is expressing the way things will be or the way he wants them to be.

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זאֹת

How could we translate the 2 wegatals above?

- יָּוְהָיָה •
- ּ וָאָמָרוּ

```
וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זאֹת
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How could we translate the 2 wegatals above?

- יְהָיָה and (then) it will be
- וְאָמְרוּ

```
וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זאֹת
```

How could we translate the 2 wegatals above?

- יְהָיָה and (then) it will be
- אַמְרוֹ and (then) they will be sayers

How could we translate the 2 wegatals above?

• יהיה and (then) it will be

• אַמְרוּ and (then) they will be sayers

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה					
אמר					

How could we translate the 2 wegatals above?

• מחל (then) it will be

• וְאָמְרוּ and (then) they will be sayers

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה	Qal	Weqatal	3ms		To be/become
אמר					

How could we translate the 2 wegatals above?

• יהיה and (then) it will be

• אַמְרוּ and (then) they will be sayers

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה	Qal	Weqatal	3ms		To be/become
אמר	Qal	Weqatal	Зср		To say

What is the function?

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה	Qal	Weqatal	3ms		To be/become
אמר	Qal	Weqatal	Зср		To say

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זאֹת

There are 3 main Direct Speech genres

- Predictive Narrative
- Instructional Discourse
- Hortatory Discourse

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה	Qal	Weqatal	3ms		To be/become
אמר	Qal	Weqatal	Зср		To say

וֹלּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זאֹת

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- Instructional Discourse
- Hortatory Discourse

- 1. From context we determine this is predictive (it's not giving instructions or preaching).
- 2. And we know we qatal is mainline in direct speech genres.

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה	Qal	Weqatal	3ms		To be/become
אמר	Qal	Weqatal	Зср		To say

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זאֹת

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- Predictive Narrative
- Instructional Discourse
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- 1. From context we determine this is predictive (it's not giving instructions or preaching).
- 2. And we know we qatal is mainline in direct speech genres.

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
היה	Qal	Weqatal	3ms	Predictive Narrative Mainline	To be/become
אמר	Qal	Weqatal	Зср	Predictive Narrative Mainline	To say

yiqtol

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

Can you spot our 4th verb in this verse?



It's a yiqtol.



It's a yiqtol.



Spot the differences



It's a yiqtol.



Spot the differences

RULE: The verb form with a prefixed subject pronoun and no vav-patakh-dagesh forte is called the yiqtol/yik-TOL/verb form.



It's following a בִּי so it's in a dependent clause.



It's following a בִּי so it's in a dependent clause.

RULE: The yiqtol verb form, when in a dependent clause in any genre, expresses action that is relative non-past background. Allowing context to be your guide, use English present or future tense translations.



It's following a בִּי so it's in a dependent clause.

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
ראה					



It's following a בִּי so it's in a dependent clause.

Root	Stem	Form	Person, Gender, Number	Function	Root meaning
ראה	Qal	Yiqtol	3mp	yiqtol in dep clause = Relative non-past background	To see

וֹיּאֹמֶר וְהְיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאׁת ח

Any idea what this might be?

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

2 parts

- DDO
- 2fs pronominal suffix (i.e. you fem. singular)

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

2 parts

- DDO
- 2fs pronominal suffix (i.e. you fem. singular)

Read Rocine 13.4a-c

View Animatedhebrew lecture 13

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאֹת

2 parts

- DDO
- 2fs pronominal suffix (i.e. you fem. singular)

Read Rocine 13.4a-c

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My advice:

Learn the pron. suffixes on paradigm in AnimHeb lec 13 (it's easy) and don't sweat the rest of the details.

Pronominal Suffixes on לְּ

	Singular		Plural
3ms	לו	3mp	לָהֶם
3fs	לָה	3fp	לָהֶז
2ms	1 ?	2mp	לָבֶם
2fs	קָּדְי	2fp	לֶּבֶּז
1cs	ځ ^ړ	1ср	לָנוּ

וֹלּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

Can you find the demonstrative pronoun (pointing pronoun)?

וֹאָמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתָדְ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאֵת

וֹאָת is the 'near' demonstrative, translated 'this'.

וֹאָת וֹהְיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זֹאֵת

Here is the full chart for the 'near' demonstratives, "this" and "these".

NEAR	Singular	Plural	
Masc	ָּדָר	אלה	
Fem	זאת	1125	

Also see Animatedhebrew lecture 11 for discussion of 'near' and 'far' demonstratives.

וֹאָתֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתָדְ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתוֹ זֹאֵת

Here is the full chart for the 'near' demonstratives, "this" and "these".

NEAR	Singular	Plural
Masc	ָּדָר.	אהר
Fem	זאת	

Note there is a typo in Rocine. There should be a dagesh in the lamed as above.

Also see Animatedhebrew lecture 11 for discussion of 'near' and 'far' demonstratives.

Word Order

וַיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זאֹת

Can you spot the Yoda syntax?

Learn to speak
Hebrew you must...
Sound less like a goy
you will...



Word Order

וֹיּאמֶר וְהָיָה כִּי־יִרְאוּ אֹתְדְּ וְאָמְרוּ אִשְׁתּוֹ זֹאַת

The default word order for a verbless clause is Subject-Predicate (Rocine 2.7c).

His WIFE [not his sister], this one is...